Closing Remarks

ECVET Peer Learning Activity in Hungary
7-8.June 2018
Budapest

First day

Concluding remarks

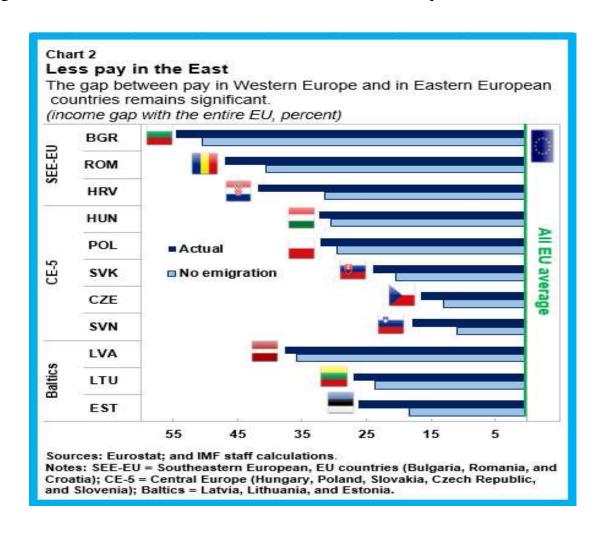
The old story: top-down implementation

- 2008 Start of the EQF (plus ECTS, ECVET, ENQUA and ENQA-VET)
- Start of the national qualification frameworks (NQF) from 2008 –
- Application of the framework on several fields (Europass, national VET regulations, learning outcomes based creation of Bachelor and Master programmes in higher education
- Wide use of tools in official documents
- Standardization of knowledge base? Teaching-learning and evaluation of students? The knowledge base is still different. Still knowledge-based, process oriented, teacher-controlled.

Positional warfare..



In the meantime....20 million Eastern Europeans got a job in Western Europe without EQF



The emerging new story: problem based application of LOA

- European mobility and apprenticeship schemes,
- National apprenticeship schemes,
- Validation of non-formal and informal learning
- Joint degree programmes in higher education
- Digital education (DIGCOMP)

Good practices?

- Employers are doing it anyway, without knowing the EUterminology
- Interests and rewards?
- Focus?
- National coordinators with very standard practices
- Innovation in dissemination: for instance gamification?

Second day

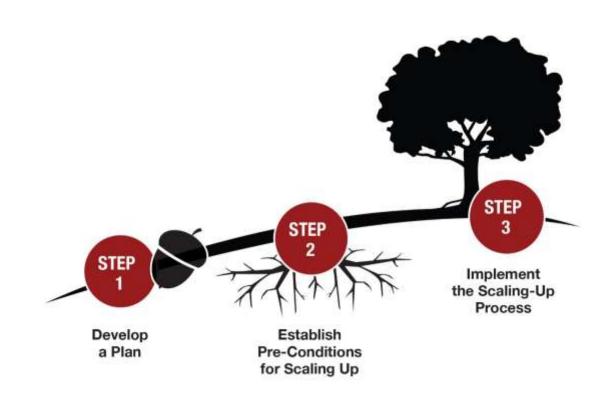
Concluding remarks

Communication gap between schools and employers. Translate and fill the gap (NA)



They had a tendency to talk past one another.

Challenges: good practices are everywhere...but scaling up is difficult. Disseminate good practices (NA)



Dual system works with big companies...but how to embrace SMEs and microbusinesses? Create learning networks (Chambers)



Refocusing to non-formal and informal. Create a framework for validation, reskilling anmd upskilling (Ministries)



What is the national interest behind ERASMUS PRO? Build trust (schools)



Soft skills become important Don't start from scratch, learn form each other (partners)



TEAMWORK



RELATIONSHIP

