



International Dimension of Erasmus+: **EU Policy & Cooperation with Partner Countries** 



#### **Helene SKIKOS**

Policy Officer
DG EAC, International
Cooperation Unit



# **Policy Dialogue on Education**

- Bilateral: annual meetings with national authorities in context of annual subcommittees meeting under:
  - **✓** Stabilisation and Association Agreements
  - **✓** Association Agreements
  - **✓** Partnership and Cooperation Agreements
- Multilateral: meetings between EU and partner countries in:
  - ✓ Western Balkans Platform on Education and Training
  - ✓ Eastern Partnership, Platform 4 People-to-people
  - **✓** Dialogue with Southern Mediterranean
  - **✓** Dialogue with Central Asia (supported by DEVCO)



# **Cooperation & Support in Education**

## Cooperation & Support:

- Policy dialogue (bilateral & multilateral)
- TAIEX, Twinning activities, etc.
- Technical assistance projects (IPA, ENI, DCI instruments)

## <u>Programmes</u>:

- ERASMUS+
  - Degree mobility (EMJMDs)
  - International Credit mobility
  - Capacity-Building HE
  - Jean Monnet
  - Youth projects & mobility
  - Policy support (networks and electronic platforms)
- Marie Skłodowska–Curie

# **EU & Partner Country Cooperation**



**Erasmus+** 



**Bilateral Policy Dialogues** 





Regional Policy Dialogue



# **Regional Policy Dialogue**

- Western Balkans Platform on Education and Training (AL, BA, MK, ME, RS, XK) (EAC/NEAR) since 2012
- ❖ Eastern Partnership Platform 4 Contacts Between People (EAC/EEAS/NEAR/RTD/CNECT) since 2009

  Eastern Partnership (AM, AZ, BY, GE, MD, UA)
- Dialogue with Southern Mediterranean Countries on Higher Education Policies and Programmes (DZ, EG, IL, JO, LE, LY, MO, PS, TN) (EAC) since 2012
- Central Asia Education Platform (DEVCO/EEAS) since 2012 (KG, KZ, TJ, TM, UZ)



# **Policy Dialogue with Central Asia**



## **Central Asia: EU Strategy**

- EU Central Asia Strategy (updated June 2015) includes three 'initiatives'
  - ✓ rule of law,
  - ✓ Environment/water
  - √ education
- Each initiative is led by two MS
  - for education, since June 2015, Poland leads for higher education and Latvia for VET





#### **Central Asia: Activities 2015**

- June 2015 Council conclusions:
  Region of strategic importance to EU
- Riga, June 2015 Ministerial Meeting, under LV Presidency Aimed to:
  - intensify policy dialogue leading to better links with European strategies & programmes
  - encourage further participation in the Torino Process and progress in vocational education and training





#### Central Asia: Activities 2016-17

- Oct 2016 Ministerial Meeting, Brussels Focus on
  - common threats and challenges, stability, migration, economic growth, including job creation and enhanced employment opportunities, support to private sector development, youth and education
- June 2017 Ministerial Meeting on Education in CA
- **❖** 2017: **Review of implementation of EU-CA strategy**





## **Central Asian Education Platform**

- DEVCO project since 2012, which aims to:
  - > intensify policy dialogue leading to better links with European strategies & programmes
  - encourage further participation in the Torino Process and progress in vocational education and training.
  - > main content areas: Interaction of VET and HE, Teacher Education and Training as well as Quality of Education.
  - Support "education initiative" of EU-CA strategy
- Riga, April 2016: Regional conference on National Qualification framework in Central Asia
- Cracow, 15-18 November 2016: Regional conference on Higher Education

More information at: <a href="http://www.caep-project.org/">http://www.caep-project.org/</a>



## **Policy Dialogue with Southern Med**



# Dialogue with Southern Mediterranean Countries on Higher Education

- Launched in 2012 on the basis of the Communication "A Partnership for Democracy and a Shared Prosperity"
- Meetings every 2 years with HE stakeholders
- Aims to:
  - Provide a regional platform for dialogue
  - Share good practice
  - Take stock of EU support and identify further needs
  - Promote regional cooperation in higher education



## **South Med Dialogue**

## 3rd policy dialogue in July 2016

#### Themes discussed:

- 1. Recent trends and challenges facing higher education systems
- 2. Integration of newly arrived migrants and refugees
- 3. University autonomy
- 4. National qualifications framework
- 5. Integration of digital technologies

Further information and meetings reports at:

http://ec.europa.eu/education/international-cooperation/southern-mediterranean en.htm



# South Med Dialogue 2017 follow up activities

- > Specific seminar on the **integration of refugees** in South Med countries' higher education systems
- Erasmus+ contact seminar gathering universities from European and South Med countries



## **South Med Dialogue**

## **Policy priorities**

2015 ENP Review main principle = differentiation

→ **Different Partnership priorities** currently negotiated with partner countries

#### **BUT Main trends:**

- Economic stability, quality education and job creation
- Democratic governance, rule of law and human rights
- Regional stability, security including counter-terrorism
- Managing migration flows and mobility
- Energy security and environment



# **Policy Dialogue with Eastern Partnership**



# EaP Platform 4 « People-to-people contacts »

**Policy dialogue:** reinforce EU and regional cooperation with Eastern Partners, share good practice and improve capacity to reform

Reinforced participation in EU programmes: Erasmus+, Creative Europe, H2020, Marie Skłodowska Curie, eTwinning

Two meetings per year and specific events at ministerial and/or experts level

Covers broad range of issues: education, training, research and innovation, youth, culture and information society (eInfrastructure)



## **EaP Platform 4**

#### Recent activities

2016 Jun: 15th Platform 4 meeting on Skills development in

Higher education and VET, Brussels

2016 Jul: Validation seminar on the Study on Film Industries

in EaP, Odessa Film Festival

2016 Oct: EaP Civil Society Forum conference Youth for

Rights, Bratislava

2016 Nov: EaP Regional Torino Process conference, Tbilisi

2016 Nov: Informal Partnership Dialogue on Research and

Innovation, Yerevan





#### **EaP Platform 4**

#### Planned activities 2016-2017

2016 Nov: Marie Skłodowska-Curie actions National Contact

Points training

2016 Dec: Panel on Research and Innovation, Brussels

2016 Dec: Platform 4 meeting with focus on youth, Brussels

2017 Spring: Moldovan National Forum on Creative Cities

2017 Jun: 3<sup>rd</sup> EaP Youth Forum, Warsaw

More info at: <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/policy/international-cooperation/eastern-partnership en">http://ec.europa.eu/education/policy/international-cooperation/eastern-partnership en</a>





## **Policy priorities in EaP countries**

Overall goal: increase <u>stabilisation</u> and <u>resilience</u> of the region

#### Key priority areas:

- governance of reforms to boost economic growth and societal developments
- economic diversification, which creates jobs in new sectors and supports quality education, skills development, fostering in particular youth employability and SMEs development
- transport interconnections; energy and climate action
- security cooperation on conflict resolution, crisis prevention, new threats and civil protection

2015 ENP Review main principle = differentiation



# **Policy dialogue with Western Balkans**



# Western Balkans Platform on Education and Training

## Multilateral cooperation on Education and Training

- ✓ Annual Ministerial meetings between EU and WB Ministers and staff; to define priorities, identify gaps, agree on projects
- ✓ Stakeholder consultations; evidence gathering / surveys; sharing good practices; regional cooperation
- ✓ Aims to support reform efforts, link with EU strategies and programmes, prepare for EU membership (acquis, programmes)

Info on meetings and studies at: <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/policy/international-cooperation/western-balkans\_en">http://ec.europa.eu/education/policy/international-cooperation/western-balkans\_en</a>



#### **WB Platform on Education**

#### **Activities 2012-2016:**

- 5 Ministerial Meetings => priorities, needs, plans
- 2 mappings studies (Teacher Training; HE and Labour Market)
- 5 regional conferences/stakeholder consultations (100-350)

#### **Results:**

- ✓ Sharing best practice, discussing common challenges
- ✓ Recommendations (bottom-up / experts)
- ✓ Reporting on implementation of reforms
- ✓ Ministerial conclusions => 11 regional projects till 2020





#### **WB Platform on Education**

## **Planning Ahead**

#### 2017: 6th Ministerial Meeting

- Follow-up to be given HE/LM study?
- Back to back with RTD platform; building capacity for research?
- Update on Alumni Association and TIMMS participation

#### **2016-2020**: **11 Regional Projects**

- Evidence-gathering & analytical information
- Regional Networks and Support for Reforms
- ☐ Capacity-building for Education and Research Programmes

http://ec.europa.eu/education/events/20160627-western-balkans-platform\_en





# **Enlargement Strategy/Priorities**

## Fundamentals First

- ✓ Rule of Law
- **✓ Public Administration Reform**
- **✓** Economic Governance and Competitiveness

## Examples:

- ✓ Improve judiciary, assure independence, improve efficiency and accountability; freedom of speech, etc.
- ✓ Good governance and management, transparency, meritocracy, depoliticalisation, profesionalism
- ✓ Upgrading skills, economic reform, job creation, fiscal consolidation, investment climate, good management



# SEE 2020 Strategy

## Priority Sectors

- **✓** Education and competences
- √ R&D and Innovation
- **✓** Digital Society
- **✓ Cultural and Creative Sectors**
- **✓** Energy
- **✓** Transport
- **✓** Environment
- **✓** Employment
- ✓ Health



## **WB Platform on Education**

- Priorities set by Ministers:
  - **√** Teacher Training (methods; competences)
  - **√** Higher Education (relevance; quality)
  - √ Research & Innovation (build capacity)
- !mpact
  - New laws, strategies, action plans in countries
  - Influencing strategies and reporting
  - Strategic use of EU support



## WHY?



## **Outcomes of Policy Dialogue Platforms**

- More balanced, direct and reinforced dialogue
- Help identify priorities and needs
- Help strengthen participation in EU programmes
- Feeds into EU strategies (ex. ELARG strategy, ENP review, etc.)
- EU more reactive to needs (increased budgets, future assistance)
- Learning/sharing experience: EU-PC and PC-PC
- Healthy competition / ignite appetite for reform
- Regional cooperation / participation (difficult political situations)



# **Policy Dialogue to:**

- Continue and intensify
- Be linked more with EU strategies & programmes (assess impact)
- Become more interactive
- Improve communication among PCs
- Improve coordination among EC services





# **Overall Objective of EU Assistance**

- Facilitate growth, development of economy
- Build capacity for competiveness
- Increase employment (youth)
- Knowledge of EU / Convergence with EU acquis
- Prepare for EU membership / increase cooperation with EU



## **Horizontal Priorities for Parter Countries**

## Increase quality of educational provision

- Quality assurance implementation
- HE rigorous, transparent accreditation of institutions and programmes; evaluation of schools; Skills not Just Diplomas
- Fight <u>corruption</u> in education; <u>culture of meritocracy</u>
- Transparent recruitment of staff, de-politisation, measures to combat conflict of interest
- <u>Long term</u> approach, targeting <u>impact</u> on society and link to economy and country's growth
- No quick fixes in education. Steering large ocean liner
- Holistic approach: purpose of education (VET, HE?);
   relevance to labour market, employability of graduates



## SO WHAT?



# Strategic use of Erasmus+

- Mobility of staff and students in priority sectors = help build capacity of future professionals
- Mobility of staff and students according to PC university's strategic priorities = strengthen weak programme or build excellence in strong programme
- Capacity-building projects in priority sectors for economic development = train and educate new professionals in priority sectors; improve governance issues; strengthen development of research (PhD prog); prepare teachers, etc.
- Jean Monnet can respond to understand EU and acquis



# Strategic Use of Erasmus+

- Logical sequence of actions based on country's level of preparedness and capacity:
  - > ICM (mobility flows are easy, raises awareness)
  - **CBHE** (prepares capacity for future coop)
  - > **JM** (needed for EU integration and trade)
  - **EMJMD** (once ready and quality/trust is built)
  - KA (where there is added value to contribute)



# **Developing Erasmus+ Projects**

#### What we look for:

- Building on past results / support to reform efforts
- More demonstrated plans for sustainability
- Impact of project results (re strategies / stakeholders)

## Why?

- Help PC countries on reform process; efforts to increase quality and relevance of HE
- Help make EU support to PC countries count; have more impact
- Contribute to economic development



# **Developing Erasmus+ Projects**

#### What can you do? Read published strategic documents

#### Enlargement Strategy and country reports

http://ec.europa.eu/enlargement/countries/package/index\_en.htm http://www.rcc.int/files/user/docs/reports/SEE2020-Strategy.pdf

#### ENP Communication (ENP East & South)

https://eeas.europa.eu/enp/documents/2015/151118 jointcommunication review-of-the-enp en.pdf https://eeas.europa.eu/topics/european-neighbourhood-policy-enp/8398/enp-action-plans en

#### EaP Strategy

https://eeas.europa.eu/topics/eastern-partnership/12269/eastern-partnership-key-documents en

#### CA Strategy

https://ec.europa.eu/europeaid/regions/central-asia/eu-support-education-and-research-cooperation-central-asia\_en



#### **Education:**

- Foundation for all development: personal, social, cultural and economic; builds capacity in all sectors
- Provides basic and transversal skill needed in all jobs and for flexible and changing labour markets

## **Higher education:**

- provides most advanced skills and qualifications in response to identified needs:
  - ✓ Education of teachers, managers, engineers and other professionals in priority sectors;
  - **✓** Education of public officials, health workers, leaders;
  - **✓** Building research capacity and innovation;
  - ✓ Internationalisation, modernisation, democratisation, etc. 38

# **EU & Partner Country Cooperation**



**Erasmus+** 



**Bilateral Policy Dialogues** 





Regional Policy Dialogue

